



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

It is unnecessary to emphasize the point that the author's conclusions, founded on a single industry, are not to be applied without reserve to all government undertakings.

J. T. Y.

MILLARD, THOMAS F. *Our Eastern Question*. Pp. 543. Price, \$5.00. New York: The Century Company, 1916.

HORNBECK, STANLEY K. *Contemporary Politics in the Far East*. Pp. xii, 466. Price, \$3.00. New York: D. Appleton and Company, 1916.

Our Eastern Question, a sequel to Mr. Millard's earlier work, *America and the Far Eastern Question*, describes the insatiable ambition, and the limitless aggression, actual and seemingly contemplated, of Japan—especially the purpose or expectation, attributed to Japan, of a conflict with the United States. There is no difficulty in showing by a mere narrative that Japan in her recent dealings with China, particularly the treaty of 1915 and her policy in Shantung, has surpassed even the standards of lawlessness and faithlessness established by the common practice of the European powers in the East. In general, Mr. Millard seems pretty well to have justified also the warning which is his chief purpose. His indictment of Japan is confirmed by the details of Professor Hornbeck's less argumentative recital of events.

The achievement by Japan of her evident wish to control the economic life of China not through economic merit but by the sword (to say nothing of any further steps along the same path) would evidently constitute a calamity for ourselves and to the human race. In final analysis, the *question* is whether our nation, with its devotion to the ways of peace and its scant appreciation of international relations, is capable of facing boldly and at great probable cost the duty to the world and to ourselves which this situation forces upon us. The hope of Japan consists largely in the belief that we are incapable of rousing ourselves, under any circumstances to such a duty.

Professor Hornbeck has given us an excellent introduction to the subject which gives title to his book, with chapters on the recent political history of China and Japan (including accounts of the chief political groups and parties in each country) and on the mutual relations of these states and their relations to the chief nations of Europe and America. Appendices in each book give a large mass of valuable documents. Mr. Millard's work is seriously defective in having no sort of index and a very summary table of contents.

A. P. WINSTON.

Washington, D. C.

PORTER, ROBERT P. *Japan: the New World Power*. Pp. xxiv, 789. Price, \$2.50. New York: Oxford University Press.

In 1911 Mr. Robert P. Porter published *The Full Recognition of Japan* for the purpose of giving an account of the political and economic history of Japan down to the time when it was accorded full rights of sovereignty by the powers of the world. The present book upon *Japan: the New World Power* is a revision of the previous work and contains the record of the progress made by Japan since 1910.